

Hawaiian Tax- Free Trust

Supplement dated October 17, 2023 to the Fund's Summary Prospectus and Prospectus dated July 27, 2023

Trust Summary

The following replaces the corresponding information under the heading "Management:"

Portfolio Manager – Mr. Reid Smith, Vice President and Director of Fixed Income with Bank of Hawaii ("BOH"), is the lead portfolio manager of the Trust and has served as a portfolio manager of the Trust since 2021. He has over 30 years of experience in the investment industry.

Trust Management

The following replaces the corresponding information under the heading "Information about the Adviser and the Administrator" in the section titled "Trust Management:"

Mr. Reid Smith is the lead portfolio manager of the Trust and has served as a portfolio manager of the Trust since 2021. Mr. Smith is Vice President and Director of Fixed Income with BOH. He has over 30 years of fixed income portfolio management experience with an extensive background in municipal bond portfolio management. Mr. Smith was a Financial Advisor/Investments at Stifel from September 2020 to August 2021. Prior to that, Mr. Smith was CIO/Director at Ziegler Capital Management – BPG Group from November 2015 to July 2019. Mr. Smith began his career in portfolio management with BOH in 1986 and was a portfolio manager of the Trust from 1989 to 1991. Mr. Smith also worked as a Principal/Senior Portfolio Manager at Vanguard Group from 1992 to 2009 and as Head of the Barclays Wealth Fixed Income Group from 2011 to 2015. Mr. Smith is a Chartered Financial Analyst and a graduate of the University of Hawaii at Manoa, Shidler School of Business, where he received both his Bachelors and Master degrees in business administration.

Please retain this supplement for future reference

AQL-HIPMPS-1023

**Supplement dated September 15, 2023
to the Summary Prospectus, Statutory Prospectus
and Statement of Additional Information of:**

Aquila Funds Trust

Aquila High Income Fund
Aquila Opportunity Growth Fund
Dated April 27, 2023

Aquila Municipal Trust

Aquila Tax-Free Trust of Arizona
Aquila Tax-Free Fund of Colorado
Aquila Churchill Tax-Free Fund of Kentucky
Aquila Tax-Free Trust of Oregon
Aquila Narragansett Tax-Free Income Fund
Aquila Tax-Free Fund For Utah
Dated July 27, 2023

Hawaiian Tax-Free Trust

Dated July 27, 2023

The following disclosure supplements any information to the contrary in each Fund's Summary Prospectus, Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information:

Purchase, Redemption and Exchange of Fund Shares

The following disclosure supplements the information in each Fund's Summary Prospectus and Prospectus under the headings "Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares," "Purchases," "Redeeming an Investment," and "Exchanges," as applicable, and in the Statement of Additional Information under the heading "Purchase, Redemption, and Pricing of Shares:"

Effective October 2, 2023, shareholders that hold an Aquila Group of Funds account directly with the Funds may purchase, redeem and exchange shares of a Fund with the Fund's transfer and shareholder servicing agent through an online investor portal, which can be accessed via the Funds' website at aquilafunds.com/myaccount. Shareholders may also continue to purchase, redeem and exchange shares of a Fund in writing, by telephone or through a financial intermediary, as applicable, as set forth in the Summary Prospectus, Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information.

Broker-Defined Sales Charge Waiver Policies

The following disclosure supplements the information in the Prospectus under the heading "Broker-Defined Sales Charge Waiver Policies:"

J.P. Morgan Securities LLC

Effective September 29, 2023, if you purchase or hold Fund shares through an applicable J.P. Morgan Securities LLC brokerage account, you will be eligible for the following sales charge waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC"), or back-end sales charge, waivers), share class conversion policy and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in the Fund's Prospectus or Statement of Additional Information.

Front-end sales charge waivers on Class A shares available at J.P. Morgan Securities LLC

- Shares exchanged from Class C (i.e. level-load) shares that are no longer subject to a CDSC and are exchanged into Class A shares of the same fund pursuant to J.P. Morgan Securities LLC's share class exchange policy.
- Qualified employer-sponsored defined contribution and defined benefit retirement plans, nonqualified deferred compensation plans, other employee benefit plans and trusts used to fund those plans. For purposes of this provision, such plans do not include SEP IRAs, SIMPLE IRAs, SAR-SEPs or 501(c)(3) accounts.
- Shares of funds purchased through J.P. Morgan Securities LLC Self-Directed Investing accounts.
- Shares purchased through rights of reinstatement.
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other fund within the fund family).
- Shares purchased by employees and registered representatives of J.P. Morgan Securities LLC or its affiliates and their spouse or financial dependent as defined by J.P. Morgan Securities LLC.

Class C to Class A share conversion

- A shareholder in the Fund's Class C shares will have their shares converted to Class A shares (or the appropriate share class) of the same Fund if the shares are no longer subject to a CDSC and the conversion is consistent with J.P. Morgan Securities LLC's policies and procedures.

CDSC waivers on Class A and C shares available at J.P. Morgan Securities LLC

- Shares sold upon the death or disability of the shareholder.
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the Fund's Prospectus.
- Shares purchased in connection with a return of excess contributions from an IRA account.
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code.
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.

Front-end load discounts available at J.P. Morgan Securities LLC: breakpoints, rights of accumulation & letters of intent

- Breakpoints as described in the prospectus.
- Rights of Accumulation ("ROA") which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts as described in the fund's prospectus will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at J.P. Morgan Securities LLC. Eligible fund family assets not held at J.P. Morgan Securities LLC (including 529 program holdings, where applicable) may be included in the ROA calculation only if the shareholder notifies their financial advisor about such assets.
- Letters of Intent ("LOI") which allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases within a fund family, through J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, over a 13-month period of time (if applicable).

Please retain this supplement for future reference.



HAWAIIAN TAX-FREE TRUST



Summary Prospectus | July 27, 2023

Tickers: **Class A – HULAX** **Class C – HULCX** **Class F – HULFX** **Class Y – HULYX**

This summary prospectus is designed to provide investors with key Trust information in a clear and concise format. Before you invest, you may want to review the Trust's complete Prospectus, which contains more information about the Trust and its risks. You can find the Trust's Prospectus, reports to shareholders, and other information about the Trust online at www.aquilafunds.com/prospectuses-reports/. You can also get this information at no cost by calling 800-437-1000 (toll-free) or by sending an e-mail request to info@aquilafunds.com. If you purchase shares of the Trust through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Prospectus and other information will also be available from your financial intermediary. The Trust's Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, both dated July 27, 2023, are incorporated by reference into this summary prospectus and may be obtained, free of charge, at the website, phone number or e-mail address noted above.

Investment Objective

The Trust's objective is to provide you as high a level of current income exempt from Hawaiian state and regular Federal income taxes as is consistent with preservation of capital.

Fees and Expenses of the Trust

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Trust. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and examples below.** If you invest in Class A Shares, you may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your immediate family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the Trust or in other funds in the Aquila Group of Funds. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial advisor and under "Alternative Purchase Plans" on page 22 of the Trust's Prospectus, "Sales Charges - Class A Shares" on page 24 of the Prospectus, "Broker-Defined Sales Charge Waiver Policies" on page 36 of the Prospectus, and "Purchase, Redemption, and Pricing of Shares" on page 32 of the Statement of Additional Information (the "SAI"). If you invest in Class F Shares or Class Y Shares, you may be required to pay a commission to a broker, which is not reflected in the Expense Example.

	Class A Shares	Class C Shares	Class F Shares	Class Y Shares
Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)				
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	3.00%	None	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a percentage of the lesser of redemption value or purchase price)	None ⁽¹⁾	1.00%	None	None
Annual Trust Operating Expenses (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of your investment)				
Investment Advisory Fee	0.23%	0.23%	0.23%	0.23%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	0.20%	1.00%	None	None
Other Expenses	0.43%	0.43%	0.39%	0.43%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%
Total Annual Trust Operating Expenses	0.87%	1.67%	0.63%	0.67%

(1) Shareholders who purchase \$250,000 or more of Class A Shares do not pay an initial sales charge but may pay a contingent deferred sales charge of up to 0.75 of 1% for redemptions within one year of purchase and up to 0.50 of 1% for redemptions during the second year after purchase.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Trust with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Trust for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Trust's operating expenses remain the same. Six years after the date of purchase, Class C Shares automatically convert to Class A Shares. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Class A Shares	\$386	\$569	\$768	\$1,340
Class C Shares	\$270	\$526	\$907	\$1,567
Class F Shares	\$64	\$202	\$351	\$786
Class Y Shares	\$68	\$214	\$373	\$835

You would pay the following expenses if you did not redeem your Class C Shares:

Class C Shares	\$170	\$526	\$907	\$1,567
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Portfolio Turnover

The Trust pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Trust shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual Trust operating expenses or in the example, affect the Trust's performance. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, the Trust's portfolio turnover rate was 21% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Trust's assets will be invested in municipal obligations that pay interest exempt, in the opinion of bond counsel, from Hawaii State and regular Federal income taxes. In general, almost all of these obligations are issued by the State of Hawaii, its counties and various other local authorities; these obligations may also include certain other governmental issuers. We call these "Hawaiian Obligations." These securities may include participation or other interests in municipal securities and variable rate demand notes. Some Hawaiian Obligations, such as general obligation issues, are backed by the issuer's taxing authority, while other Hawaiian Obligations, such as revenue bonds, are backed only by revenues from certain facilities or other sources and not by the issuer itself. These obligations can be of any maturity, but the Trust's weighted average maturity has traditionally been between 5 and 15 years. The Trust is classified as a "non-diversified" investment company under

the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “1940 Act”), which means it may invest a greater percentage of its assets in a smaller number of issuers than a diversified fund.

At the time of purchase, the Trust’s Hawaiian Obligations must be of investment grade quality. This means that they must either

- be rated within the four highest credit ratings assigned by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations or,
- if unrated, be determined to be of comparable quality by the Trust’s investment adviser, Asset Management Group of Bank of Hawaii (the “Adviser”).

The Adviser selects obligations for the Trust’s portfolio in order to achieve the Trust’s objective by considering various characteristics including quality, maturity and coupon rate.

Principal Risks

You may lose money by investing in the Trust. Following is a summary description of certain risks of investing in the Trust.

Market Risk. The market prices of securities or other assets held by the Trust may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to general market conditions, such as real or perceived adverse economic, political, or regulatory conditions, political instability, recessions, inflation, changes in interest or currency rates, lack of liquidity in the bond markets, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues, armed conflict, market disruptions caused by tariffs, trade disputes, sanctions or other government actions, or other factors or adverse investor sentiment. When market prices fall, the value of your investment will likely go down. A change in financial condition or other event affecting a single issuer or market may adversely impact securities markets as a whole.

In the past decade, financial markets throughout the world have experienced increased volatility, depressed valuations, decreased liquidity and heightened uncertainty. Governmental and non-governmental issuers have defaulted on, or been forced to restructure, their debts. These conditions may continue, recur, worsen or spread. Events that have contributed to these market conditions include, but are not limited to, major cybersecurity events; geopolitical events (including wars, terror attacks and economic sanctions); global pandemics; measures to address budget deficits; downgrades of sovereign debt; changes in oil and commodity prices; dramatic changes in currency exchange rates; and public sentiment. The fallout from the COVID-19 pandemic and subsequent variants of COVID-19, and the long-term impact on economies, markets, industries and individual issuers, are not known. Some sectors of the economy and individual issuers have experienced or may experience particularly large losses. Periods of extreme volatility in the financial markets; reduced liquidity of many instruments; and disruptions to supply chains, consumer demand and employee availability, may continue for some time.

Recently, inflation and interest rates have increased and may rise further. These circumstances could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the Trust’s investments, impair the Trust’s ability to satisfy redemption requests, and negatively impact the Trust’s performance. Following Russia’s invasion of Ukraine, Russian securities have lost all, or nearly all, their market value. Other securities or markets could be similarly affected by past or future political, geopolitical or other events or conditions.

Governments and central banks, including the U.S. Federal Reserve, have taken extraordinary and unprecedented actions to support local and global economies and the financial markets. These actions have resulted in significant expansion of public debt, including in the U.S. The consequences of high public debt, including its future impact on the economy and securities markets, may not be known for some time. U.S. Federal Reserve or other U.S. or non-U.S. governmental or central bank actions, including increases or decreases in interest rates, or contrary actions by different governments, could negatively affect financial markets generally, increase market volatility and reduce the value and liquidity of securities in which the Trust invests.

Economies and financial markets throughout the world are increasingly interconnected. Economic, financial or political events, trading and tariff arrangements, armed conflict including Russia’s military invasion of Ukraine, terrorism, natural disasters, infectious illness or public health issues, cybersecurity events, supply chain disruptions, sanctions against Russia, other nations or individuals or companies and possible countermeasures, and other circumstances in one country or region could have profound impacts on other countries or regions and on global economies or markets. As a result, whether or not the Trust invests in securities of issuers located in or with

significant exposure to the countries or regions directly affected, the value and liquidity of the Trust's investments may be negatively affected. The Trust may experience a substantial or complete loss on any security or investment.

Interest Rate Risk. The market prices of the Trust's fixed income securities may fluctuate significantly when interest rates change. The value of your investment will generally go down when interest rates rise. A rise in rates tends to have a greater impact on the prices of longer term or longer duration securities. In recent years, interest rates and credit spreads in the U.S. have been at historic lows. The U.S. Federal Reserve has raised certain interest rates, and interest rates may continue to go up. A general rise in interest rates could adversely affect the price and liquidity of fixed income securities and could also result in increased redemptions from the Trust. The maturity of a security may be significantly longer than its effective duration. A security's maturity and other features may be more relevant than its effective duration in determining the security's sensitivity to other factors such as changes in credit quality or in the yield premium that the market may establish for certain types of securities (sometimes called "credit spread"). In general, the longer its maturity the more a security may be susceptible to these factors. When the credit spread for a fixed income security goes up, or "widens," the value of the security will generally go down.

Credit Risk. If an issuer or obligor of a security held by the Trust or a counterparty to a financial contract with the Trust defaults or is downgraded, or is perceived to be less creditworthy, or if the value of the assets underlying a security declines, the value of your investment will typically decline. Changes in actual or perceived creditworthiness may occur quickly. The Trust could be delayed or hindered in its enforcement of rights against an issuer, guarantor or counterparty. Securities in the lowest category of investment grade (i.e., BBB/Baa) may be considered to have speculative characteristics.

Rating Agency Risk. Investment grade debt securities may be downgraded by a major rating agency to below investment grade status, which would increase the risk of holding these securities. In addition, a rating may become stale in that it fails to reflect changes to an issuer's financial condition. Ratings represent the rating agency's opinion regarding the quality of the security and are not a guarantee of quality. Rating agencies are subject to an inherent conflict of interest because they are often compensated by the same issuers whose securities they grade.

Risks Associated with Investments in Hawaii and Other Municipal Obligations. The Trust may be affected significantly by adverse economic, political or other events affecting Hawaii and other municipal issuers in which the Trust may invest. Hawaii's economy, which relies substantially on tourism, the U.S. military, real estate, construction and other service-based industries, depends significantly on conditions in the U.S. economy and key international economies, especially Japan. Hawaii's economy will be affected by, among other factors, the health of the tourism and hospitality sectors, real or threatened acts of war or terrorism, increases in energy and fuel costs, federal fiscal, monetary and trade policies, the strength of the global economy, including a slowdown in growth in the Japanese and Chinese economies, geopolitical risks, and business and consumer uncertainty related to these issues. The long-term impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and subsequent variants of COVID-19 is uncertain. Hawaii, which consists entirely of islands, is vulnerable to public health issues, food sustainability issues and shortages, climate change and rising sea levels, erosion, high surf, adverse weather, and natural disasters, including earthquakes, storms, flooding, hurricanes, tsunamis and volcanic activity. Municipal issuers may be adversely affected by rising health care costs, unfunded pension liabilities, and by the phasing out of federal programs providing financial support. Unfavorable conditions and developments relating to projects financed with municipal securities can result in lower revenues to issuers of municipal securities, potentially resulting in defaults. Issuers often depend on revenues from these projects to make principal and interest payments. The value of municipal securities also can be adversely affected by changes in the financial condition of one or more individual municipal issuers or insurers of municipal issuers, regulatory and political developments, tax law changes or other legislative actions, and by uncertainties and public perceptions concerning these and other factors. Municipal securities may be more susceptible to downgrades or defaults during recessions or similar periods of economic stress. Financial difficulties of municipal issuers may continue or get worse.

Tax Risk. The income on the Trust's Hawaiian Obligations and other municipal obligations could become subject to Federal and/or state income taxes due to noncompliant conduct by issuers, unfavorable legislation or litigation, or adverse interpretations by regulatory authorities.

Liquidity Risk. The Trust may make investments that are illiquid or become illiquid after purchase. Illiquid assets may also be difficult to value. Liquidity risk may be magnified in an environment of rising interest rates or widening credit spreads. If the Trust is forced to sell an illiquid security to meet redemption requests or other cash

needs, the Trust may be forced to sell the security at a substantial loss or may not be able to sell at all. The Trust may not receive its proceeds from the sale of certain securities for an extended period (for example, several weeks or even longer). In extreme cases, this may constrain the Trust's ability to meet its obligations (including obligations to redeeming shareholders).

Prepayment or Call Risk. Many issuers have a right to prepay their securities. If interest rates fall, an issuer may exercise this right. If this happens, the Trust will not benefit from the rise in the market price of the securities that normally accompanies a decline in interest rates, and will be forced to reinvest prepayment proceeds at a time when yields on securities available in the market are lower than the yield on prepaid securities. The Trust may also lose any premium it paid on prepaid securities.

Extension Risk. During periods of rising interest rates, repayments of fixed income securities may occur more slowly than anticipated by the market. This may drive the prices of these securities down even more because their interest rates are lower than the current interest rate and they remain outstanding longer.

Portfolio Selection Risk. The value of your investment may decrease if the Adviser's judgment about the quality, relative yield, value or market trends affecting a particular security, industry, sector or region, or about market movements, interest rates or other market factors, is incorrect.

Valuation Risk. Nearly all of the Trust's investments are valued using a fair value methodology. The sales price the Trust could receive for any particular portfolio investment may differ from the Trust's valuation of the investment, particularly for securities that trade in thin or volatile markets. These differences may increase significantly and affect Trust investments more broadly during periods of market volatility. Investors who purchase or redeem Trust shares may receive fewer or more shares or lower or higher redemption proceeds than they would have received if the securities had not been fair-valued securities or if a different valuation methodology has been used. The Trust's ability to value its investments may be impacted by technological issues and/or errors by pricing services or other third party service providers.

Redemption Risk. The Trust may experience heavy redemptions that could cause the Trust to liquidate its assets at inopportune times or at a loss or depressed value or accelerate taxable gains or transaction costs, which could cause the value of your investment to decline.

Cybersecurity Risk. Cybersecurity failures by and breaches of the Trust's Administrator, Adviser, Transfer Agent, Custodian, Distributor or other service providers may disrupt Trust operations, interfere with the Trust's ability to calculate its NAV, prevent Trust shareholders from purchasing, redeeming or exchanging shares or receiving distributions or receiving timely information regarding the Trust or their investment in the Trust, cause loss of or unauthorized access to private shareholder information, or result in financial losses to the Trust and its shareholders, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, or additional compliance costs.

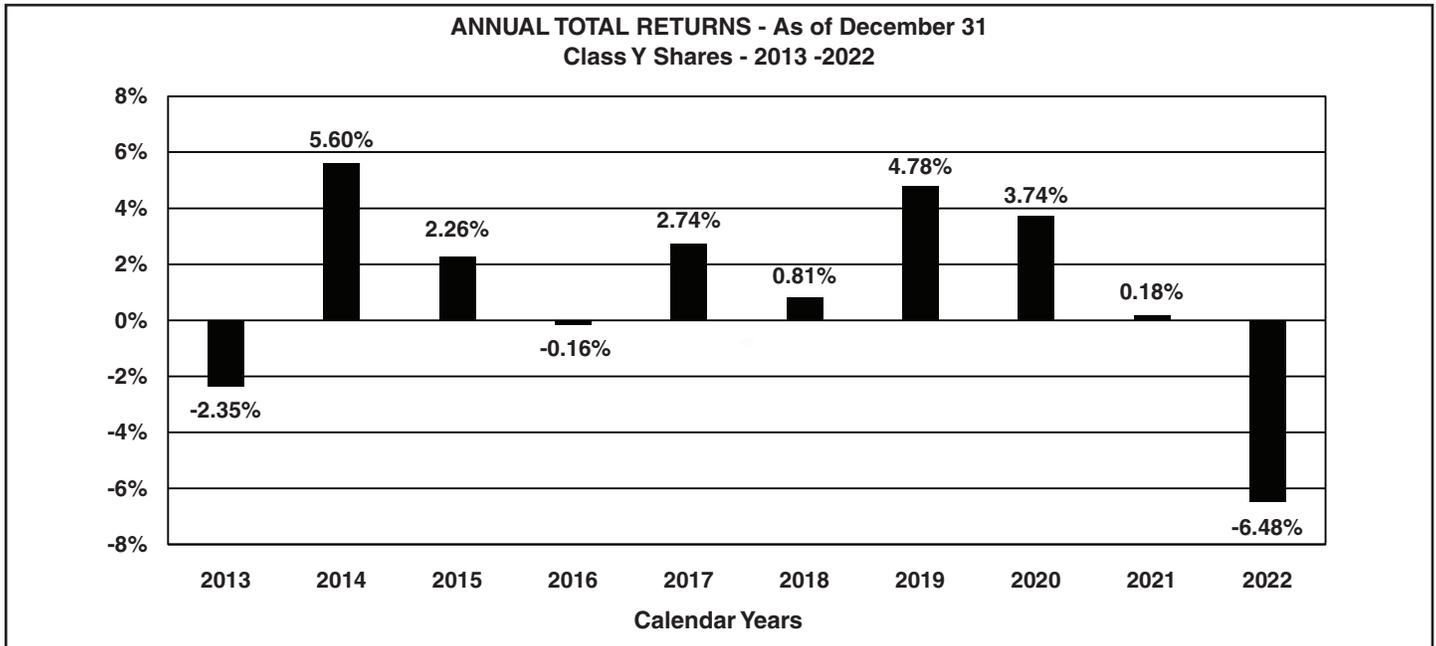
Non-Diversification Risk. The Trust is classified as a "non-diversified" investment company under the 1940 Act. Thus, compared with "diversified" funds, it may invest a greater percentage of its assets in obligations of a small number of issuers. In general, the more the Trust invests in the securities of specific issuers or issues of a similar project type, the more the Trust is exposed to risks associated with investments in those issuers or types of projects. Also, the Trust may be more risky than a more geographically diverse fund.

An investment in the Trust is not a deposit in Bank of Hawaii, any of its bank or non-bank affiliates or any other bank, and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

These risks are discussed in more detail in the Prospectus or in the SAI.

Trust Performance

The following bar chart and table provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Trust by showing changes in the Trust's performance from year to year and by showing how the Trust's average annual total returns for the designated periods compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. The Trust's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Trust will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available at www.aquilafunds.com or by calling **800-437-1000 (toll-free)**.



During the 10-year period shown in the bar chart, the highest return for a quarter was 3.06% (quarter ended December 31, 2022) and the lowest return for a quarter was -4.78% (quarter ended March 31, 2022).

The year-to-date (from January 1, 2023 to June 30, 2023) total return for Class Y Shares was 1.47%.

	Average Annual Total Returns for the Periods Ended December 31, 2022			
	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception
Class Returns Before Taxes:				
Class A	-9.46%	-0.49%	0.44%	
Class C	-8.36%	-0.50%	0.04%	
Class F	-6.54%	N/A	N/A	0.70% ⁽¹⁾
Class Y	-6.48%	0.52%	1.05%	
Class Y Returns After Taxes:				
On Distributions	-6.49%	0.50%	1.04%	
On Distributions and Redemption	-3.16%	0.87%	1.33%	
Bloomberg Municipal Bond: Quality Intermediate Total Return Index Unhedged USD*	-5.15%	1.36%	1.77%	1.56% ⁽¹⁾
(This index of municipal bonds of issuers throughout the U.S. is unmanaged and does not reflect deductions for fund operating expenses, taxes or sales charges.)				

* Source: Bloomberg Index Services Limited. BLOOMBERG® is a trademark and service mark of Bloomberg Finance L.P. and its affiliates (collectively "Bloomberg"). Bloomberg, or Bloomberg's licensors, own all proprietary rights in the Bloomberg Indices. Neither Bloomberg nor Bloomberg's licensors approve or endorse this material, or guarantee the accuracy or completeness of any information herein, nor does Bloomberg make any warranty, express or implied, as to the results to be obtained therefrom, and to the maximum extent allowed by law, neither shall have any liability or responsibility for injury or damages arising in connection therewith.

(1) Inception date - November 30, 2018

After-tax returns are calculated using the highest individual Federal marginal income and capital gains tax rates in effect at the time of each distribution and redemption, but do not reflect state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold Trust shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. (Please note that an investment in shares of the Trust may not be suitable for you if you are investing through a tax-deferred account). The total returns reflect reinvestment of dividends and distributions. Returns after taxes on distributions and redemption of Trust shares are higher than returns before taxes for periods shown because they reflect the tax benefit of capital losses realized on the sale of Trust shares. After-tax returns are shown only for Class Y Shares. After-tax returns for other classes of shares will vary.

Management

Investment Adviser – **Asset Management Group of the Bank of Hawaii**

Administrator/Business Manager – **Aquila Investment Management LLC** (the “Administrator”)

Portfolio Managers – Mr. Reid Smith, a Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager with Bank of Hawaii (“BOH”), is the lead portfolio manager and has served as a portfolio manager of the Trust since 2021. He has over 30 years of experience in the investment industry. Mr. Stephen Dodge, a Vice President and Portfolio Manager with BOH, has served as a portfolio manager of the Trust since 2021. He has over 5 years of experience in the investment industry.

Purchase and Sale of Trust Shares

You may purchase, redeem or exchange shares of the Trust on any day the New York Stock Exchange is open for business.

Transactions in Class A Shares or Class C Shares may be made either through a financial intermediary or, for accounts held directly with the Trust, you may contact the Trust in writing or by telephone:

- U.S. Postal Service Mail: Aquila Group of Funds, P.O. Box 534428, Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4428
- Overnight Carrier Deliveries: Aquila Group of Funds, Attention 534428, 500 Ross Street, 154-0520, Pittsburgh, PA 15262
- The Trust’s telephone number is 800-437-1000

The minimum initial purchase amount for Class A and Class C Shares is \$1,000, or \$50 if an automatic investment program is established. There is no minimum for subsequent investments.

Transactions in Class F Shares and Class Y Shares may be made only through a financial intermediary, which may impose separate investment minimums.

Tax Information

The Trust intends to distribute income that is exempt from regular Federal income tax and Hawaii state income tax. Portions of the Trust’s distributions may be subject to such taxes and/or to the Federal alternative minimum tax.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Trust through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or financial advisor), the Trust and Aquila Distributors LLC (the “Distributor”) or the Administrator may pay the intermediary for the sale of Trust shares and related shareholder servicing activities. These payments create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other financial intermediary to recommend the Trust over another investment. Ask your financial advisor or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

